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THE DIALOGUE OF THE SAVIOR

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THE MANUSCRIPT

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ⲈⲠⲢ (bis; ⲈⲠⲤⲠⲢ is spelled out in full in the super- and subscript title of the text, and once within the text).

The long spelling of the definite article (ⲡⲈ-, ⲤⲈ-, ⲢⲈ-) is used where expected in Sahidic,⁵⁷ with but three exceptions: 125:9 ⲡ'ⲡⲢⲁ, 119:7 ⲢⲤⲖⲢⲟⲩⲈ, 130:2 ⲈⲢⲢ.

Further orthographic fluctuation is evidenced by variations in the spelling of individual words and grammatical forms: ⲁⲙⲁⲗⲤⲈ (1x)/ⲈⲙⲁⲗⲤⲈ (2x), ⲁⲢⲢ- (1x)/ⲈⲢⲢ- (1x), ⲈⲢⲈⲗ (10x)/ⲁⲢⲢⲗⲈ (3x), ⲈⲢⲁⲤ- (13x)/ⲈⲢⲈⲤ- (142:19 ⲈⲢⲈⲤ-ⲤⲢⲟⲩⲤⲢ̄), ⲕⲈ- (1x)/ⲖⲈ- (if my analysis of 144:20 is correct), Ⲣⲙⲟ- (passim)/Ⲣⲙⲁ- (138:12-13), ⲢⲈⲈⲩⲈ (1x)/ⲙⲈⲟⲩⲈ (1x), ⲈⲟⲩⲢ̄- (2x)/ⲈⲟⲩⲟⲩⲢ- (3x), ⲤⲢⲟⲩⲤⲢ̄ (7x)/ⲤⲢⲢⲟⲩ (3x), ⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟ (1x)/ⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟⲩⲈ (2x), ⲟⲩⲈ (6x)/ⲁⲗⲈ (1x), ⲈⲢⲢ (1x)/ⲈⲗⲢ (1x), ⲙⲁⲢⲢⲗⲁⲙ (4x)/ⲙⲁⲢⲢⲗⲁⲙⲢⲢⲢ (7x) Rel Pres ⲈⲤⲟⲩ- (4x)/ⲈⲤⲈⲩ- (1x), Fut 2 pl. ⲤⲈⲤⲢ̄Ⲣⲁ- (4x)/ⲤⲈⲤⲢⲁ- (7x),⁵⁸ III Fut neg ⲢⲢⲈⲩ- (2x)/ⲢⲢⲈ- (2x), ⲈⲢⲟⲩⲁⲢ- (1x)/ⲈⲢⲟⲩⲁ- (1x), ⲈⲢⲟⲩⲁⲢ- (1x)/ⲈⲢⲟⲩⲁ- (1x), ⲈⲢⲟⲩⲁⲤⲢ̄- (1x)/ⲈⲢⲤⲢ̄ⲤⲈ- (5x), possessive ⲈⲤ 3 pl. ⲡⲈⲩ-, ⲤⲈⲩ-, ⲢⲈⲩ- (5x)/ⲡⲟⲩ-, Ⲥⲟⲩ- (3x), demonstrative ⲈⲤ ⲡⲈⲈⲢ-, ⲤⲈⲈⲢ-, ⲢⲈⲈⲢ- (passim)/ⲢⲁⲢ̄- (141:6).

In addition, there are a number of words and forms which occur in more or less unexpected spellings, without variants: ⲙⲢⲈ (12x), ⲢⲁⲈ (1x), absolute possessive pron pl. Ⲣⲟⲩ- (2x), ⲢⲢⲁⲗⲤⲢ̄- (1x), ⲈⲁⲈⲢⲈ (1x), ⲈⲈⲤⲢ- (1x), ⲗⲢⲈ (2x), ⲗⲟⲗⲈⲖ (1x), ⲤⲟⲩⲟⲩⲈ (2x), ⲙⲟⲢⲟⲕⲟⲈ (1x), III Fut neg 3 pl. ⲢⲢⲟⲩ- (1x), Cond 2 sing. f ⲈⲢⲟⲩⲁⲢ- (1x).⁵⁹ Vocalic reduction is not orthographically expressed in ⲢⲤⲟⲩⲤⲢ̄- (2x), ⲟⲩⲟⲩⲟ- (1x), and ⲟⲙⲕ- (1x).

The Relative Perfect forms are spelled with initial Ⲣ̄ (as also the II Perfect forms), never with ⲈⲢ. But ⲈⲤⲁⲤⲈⲤⲢ̄ is the only attested spelling of the 2 pl. form (145:20), and the paradigm also contains the forms ⲡⲈⲢⲤⲁⲗ- (146:18*), ⲈⲤⲁⲗ- (132:16), and ⲈⲢ- (133:10).⁶⁰

Special mention deserves to be made of the peculiar form of the conditional negative ⲈⲢⲤⲢ̄ⲤⲈ- (127:1, 134:1, 134:5, which I have no explanation.

These introduced by ⲤⲈ- or ⲤⲈⲕⲁⲗⲁⲈ are formed with the negative, but in the affirmative they are formed

the Pauline epistles, the affinity with deutero-Pauline language, and the possible use of *Gos. Thom.* suggest a date for the composition of *Dial. Sav.* in the early decades of the second century C.E. The work certainly belongs to an earlier period than the *Epistula apostolorum* (which presupposes the Pauline corpus and whose author possibly knew several gospels of the New Testament canon) and Justin Martyr (who used the gospels of Matthew and Luke). But the dialogue source used by the author of *Dial. Sav.* should be dated in the last decades of the first century C.E., and certainly not later than the gospel of John.